ABCALC Estimating Finite Sums Homework

Name: _

- 1. Suppose an oil pump is producing 800 gallons per hour for the first 5 hours of operation. For the next 4 hours, the pump's production is increased to 900 gallons per hour, and then, for the next 3 hours, the production is cut to 600 gallons per hour.
- a) Make a graph modeling this situation.



- b) The term "area under a graph" is the area between the graph and the horizontal axis. Find the area under the graph from 0 to 5 hours. What does this value represent?
- c) Find the total area under the graph for the entire 12 hour period. What does this value represent?
- 2. The function f is continuous on the closed interval [2, 8] and has values that are given in the table below.

x	2	5	7	8
f(x)	10	30	40	20

Using the subintervals [2, 5], [5, 7], and [7, 8], what are the following approximations of the area under the curve? Be sure to show the correct setup for each approximation.

a) LRAM

- b) RRAM
- c) Trapezoid Rule

- 3. Oil is leaking out of a tanker damaged at sea. The damage to the tanker is getting worse as evidenced by the increased leakage each hour, recorded in the table below.
- a) Find an estimate using a MRAM sum for the total quantity of oil that has escaped in the first 8 hours using 4 intervals of equal width.

Time (<i>h</i>)	Leakage (gal/hr)
0	50
1	70
2	97
3	136
4	190
5	265
6	369
7	516
8	720

- b) Without calculating them, will LRAM or RRAM yield a "higher" estimate in this case? Why?
- 4. (Calculator) Let *R* be the region between the graphs of $y = 2x x^2$ and the *x*-axis for $0 \le x \le 2$. Partition [0, 2] into 4 subintervals and find the following
- a) LRAM
- b) RRAM
- c) MRAM
- d) Trapezoid Approximation
- 5. A truck moves with positive velocity v(t) from time t = 3 to time t = 15. What would the area under the graph of v(t) between time t = 3 to time t = 15 give?