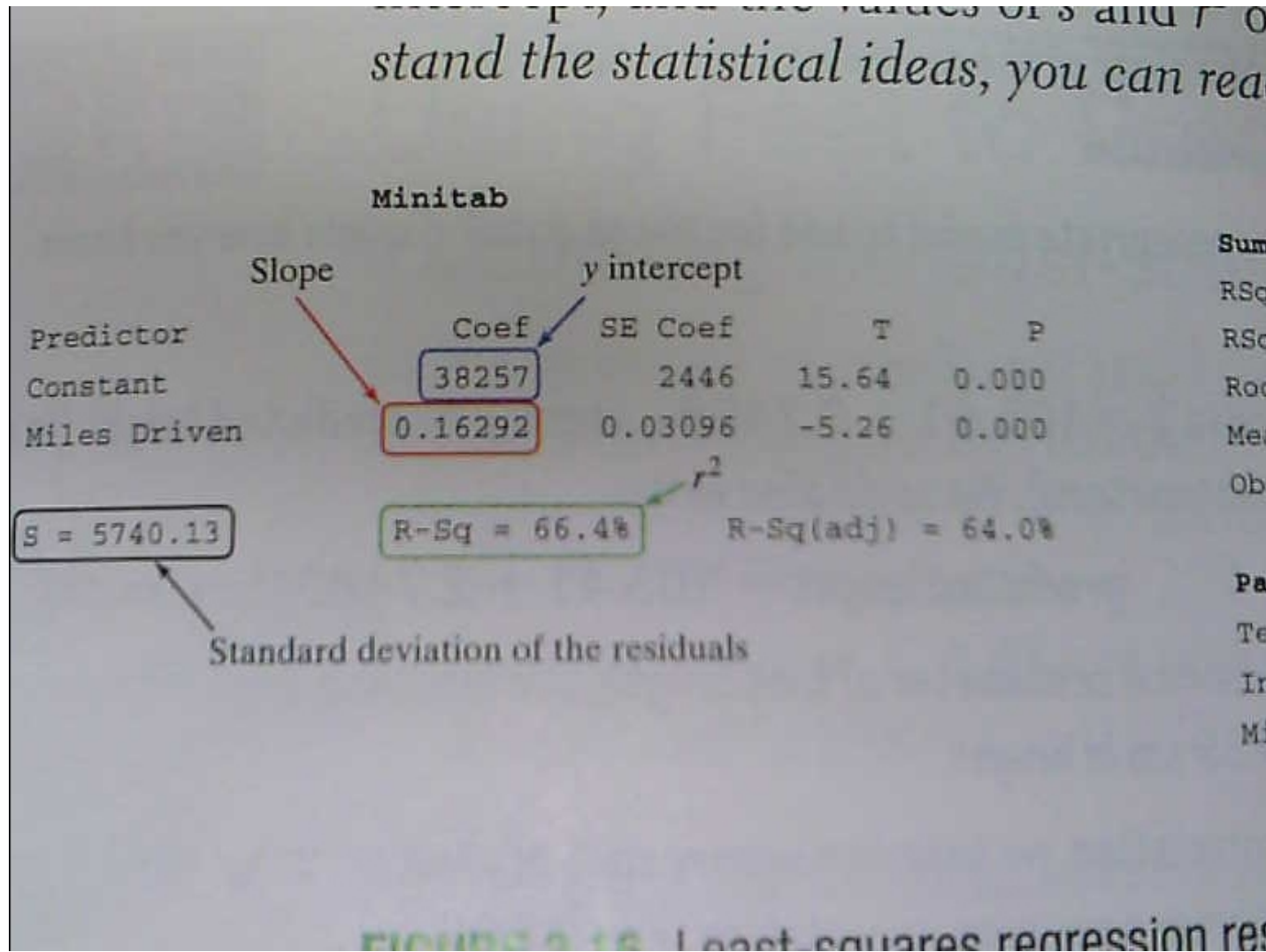


Good Morning Happy Monday!

Agneda:

- Turn in Set 2 Homework
- Schdule has been updated on class website, notes have also been posted.
- Quiz next period
- Warm UP

Information from a compute output: Like excel(page 181 in book)



... on both computer outputs. Once you understand the slope, the y-intercept, and the standard deviation of the residuals, you can read and work with almost any software output.

Summary of Fit
RSquare
RSquare Adj
Root Mean Square Error
Mean of Response
Observations (or Sum Wgts)

JMP
0.664248 r^2
0.640266
5740.131 Standard deviation of the residuals
27833.69
16

Parameter Estimates

Term	Estimate	Std Error	t Ratio	Prob> t
Intercept	38257.135	2445.813	15.64	<.0001
Miles Driven	-0.162919	0.030956	-5.26	0.0001

y intercept Slope

... results for the Ford F-150 data from two statistical soft-
... produces similar output.

Page 180 Points per game and number of games won

Predictor	Coef	SE Coef	T	P
Constant	-3.7506	1.4533	-2.581	0.027
Points	0.4372	0.052	8.399	0.000
S 1.235	R-Sq= 87.6%		R-Sq(adj)= 86.3%	

Based off information given:
Find and interpret, the LSRL(predictor line)
Slope, Intercept and Coefficient of
Determination.

SUMMARY OUTPUT	
<i>Regression Statistics</i>	
Multiple R	0.935869
R Square	0.875852
Adjusted R Square	0.863437
Standard Error	1.23531
Observations	12

	<i>Coefficient</i>	<i>Standard Err</i>	<i>t Stat</i>	<i>P-value</i>
Intercept	-3.7506	1.453342	-2.58067	0.027385
points	0.437214	0.052053	8.399333	7.67E-06

Interpret Standard error: is the typical distance that the actual values are from there expected or predicted values. This is always measured in units of the response variable

Coefficient of determination:

"___% of the variation in [Response variable name] is accounted for by the linear model relating [response variable name] to [explanatory variable name]."

Shoud memorize this.